## Infiniium UXR-Series Oscilloscopes

The Most Advanced Oscilloscope on the Planet

## Introduction

The Infinitum UXR-Series oscilloscopes deliver world-leading performance, ultra-low noise, and high signal fidelity for engineers and scientists to truly see and understand the fastest phenomena – enabling you to develop the next generation of technology and research more quickly.





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#### NOTE:

For a description of key features, see the Infiniium UXR-Series Oscilloscopes Technical Overview. For ordering information, see the Infiniium UXR-Series Oscilloscopes Configuration Guide.



## **Introduction and Model Overview**

**The UXR has more accurate analysis.** Up to four channels of simultaneous 110 GHz of bandwidth, each concurrently sampling at a staggering 256 GSa/s with 10 bits of high-definition analog to digital converter (ADC) resolution.

**The UXR runs faster.** Up to 100x faster performance for some measurements – enabled by a powerful new measurement acceleration ASIC and memory controller capable of 5 trillion integer operations per second (IOPS).

**The UXR is fully upgradeable.** The Infinitum UXR-Series is scalable – you can easily upgrade the bandwidth, memory, channel count, and software capabilities to meet your future needs.

The UXR is available in three models based on bandwidth, sample rate and input connector size. Infiniium UXR-Series models offer bandwidths from 5 GHz to 110 GHz with various 1-channel, 2-channel, or 4-channel configurations available. The 3.5mm models are equipped with Keysight AutoProbe II interfaces while 1mm and 1.85 mm models incorporate an advanced high-performance highbandwidth Keysight AutoProbe III interface.



1 mm input models



1.85 mm input models



3.5 mm input models

Model 4-Channel	2-channel	Bandwidth (maximum)	Connector	Po	Power required		
				4-channel	2-channel		
UXR1104A	UXR1102A	110 GHz					
UXR1004A	UXR1002A	100 GHz					
UXR0804A	UXR0802A	80 GHz					
UXR0704AP	UXR0702AP	70 GHz	1 mm				
UXR0594AP	UXR0592AP	59 GHz	1 mm			256 GSa/s	
UXR0404AP	UXR0402AP	40 GHz		200 to 240 Vac	110 to 240 Vac		
UXR0254AP	UXR0252AP	25 GHz		2615 VA(Max)	1350 VA (Max)		
N/A	UXR0051AP1	5 GHz		2010 17 ((((a)))			
UXR0704A	UXR0702A	70 GHz					
UXR0594A	UXR0592A	59 GHz	1.95 mm				
UXR0504A	UXR0502A	50 GHz	11111 CO.1	1.85 mm			
UXR0404A	UXR0402A	40 GHz					
UXR0334A		33 GHz					
UXR0254A		25 GHz					
UXR0204A	N/A	20 GHz	3.5 mm	100 to 240 Vac		100.00.1	
UXR0164A	IN/A	16 GHz	3.3 11111	1350 VA (Max)	N/A	128 GSa/s	
UXR0134A		13 GHz		1000 V/ (max)			
UXR0104A		10 GHz					



1. The UXR0051AP includes two channels, but only one channel is licensed for use. The 2nd channel may be activated with purchase of an upgrade license – N2166A Upgrade 1 channel UXR0051AP to 2 channel UXR0254AP.

## Vertical System Specifications - 3.5 mm Input Models

Specification	3.5 mm input models	3.5 mm input models				
Sample rate per channel	128 GSa/s (configurable in power	128 GSa/s (configurable in powers of two)				
Displayed input sensitivity <sup>1</sup>	1 mV/div to 1 V/div					
Hardware sensitivity <sup>1</sup>	32 mV full scale to 8.0 V full scale	e				
Vertical resolution <sup>1,3</sup>	10 bits, $\geq$ 14 bits with averaging					
DC gain accuracy <sup>1,2,3,6</sup>	± 1.5% of full scale (typical: ±1%	of full scale $\leq$ 10 mV/div, ±0.5	% of full scale > 10 mV/div)			
DC voltage accuracy Dual cursor: Single cursor:		<pre>± [(DC gain accuracy) + (resolution)] ± [(DC gain accuracy) + (offset accuracy) + (resolution/2)]</pre>				
Maximum input voltage	± 8 divisions from center screen	(Absolute max ± 6.5 V)				
Input range	± 4 divisions from center screen					
Maximum input power	+24 dBm at maximum range +6 dB at all ranges					
Channel to channel isolation	Channel to channel (with equal V Channel to Channel (with equal V		1 2-4: 60 dB			
Offset range	Vertical sensitivity 1 mV/div to 54 mV/div 55 mV/div to 93 mV/div 94 mV/div to 172 mV/div 173 mV/div to 306 mV/div 307 mV/div to 544 mV/div 545 mV/div to 934 mV/div 935 mV/div to 1000 mV/div	Available offset ± 0.75 V ± 1.33 V ± 2.37 V ± 4.22 V ± 7.50 V ± 7.50 V	Attenuation 0 dB 5 dB 10 dB 15 dB 20 dB 25 dB 30 dB			
Offset accuracy <sup>1,2,3,6</sup>	±1% of channel offset + 1% of fu	ll scale				
Offset accuracy (typical)	±1% of channel offset + 0.5% of	full scale				
Amplitude flatness <sup>4</sup>		Any frequency ≤ 33 GHz: < 0.3 dB within any 500MHz span < 0.5 dB within any 10GHz span				
Phase flatness <sup>5</sup>	Any frequency ≤ 33 GHz: < 1 degree within any 500MHz < 2 degrees within any 10GHz					

 Full scale is defined as 8 vertical divisions. Magnification is used below 4 mV/div. Below 4 mV/div, full scale is defined as 32 mV. The major scale settings are 1 mV/div, 2 mV/div, 5 mV/div, 10 mV/div, 20 mV/div, 50 mV/div, 100 mV/div, 200 mV/div, 500 mV/div and 1V/div Magnification major scales of 1mV/div & 2mV/div are not warranted for Offset Accuracy & DC Gain Accuracy.

2. Input impedance is valid when V/div scaling is adjusted to show all waveform vertical values within scope display.

3. Vertical resolution for 10 bits = 0.1% of full scale, for 14 bits = 0.006% of full scale.

4. Measured result using N2127A as reference. Maximum deviation from average in a span.

5. Measured result using N2127A as reference. Maximum deviation from best fit line (degrees) in a span.

6. Denotes warranted specifications, all others are typical. Valid after 30-minute warm up period and ±5 °C from oscilloscope firmware calibration temperature.



## Vertical System Specifications – 1mm & 1.85 mm Input Models

Specification	1.85 mm & 1 mm input models					
Sample rate per channel	256 GSa/s (configurable in po	256 GSa/s (configurable in powers of two)				
Displayed input sensitivity <sup>1</sup>	1 mV/div to 500 mV/div	1 mV/div to 500 mV/div				
Hardware sensitivity <sup>1</sup>	60 mV full scale to 4.0 V full s	scale				
Vertical resolution <sup>1,3</sup>	10 bits, ≥ 14 bits with averagi	ng				
DC gain accuracy <sup>1,2,3,6</sup>	± 2% of full scale (typical: ±1	% of full scale)				
DC voltage accuracy Dual cursor: Single cursor:	± [(DC gain accuracy) + (reso ± [(DC gain accuracy) + (offs					
Maximum input voltage	± 8 divisions from center scre	en (Absolute max ± 6.5 V)				
Input range	± 4 divisions from center scre	en				
Maximum input power	+16 dBm at maximum range +6 dB at all ranges					
Channel to channel isolation	60 dB					
Offset range	Vertical sensitivity 1 mV/div to 59 mV/div 60 mV/div to 127 mV/div 128 mV/div to 279 mV/div 280 mV/div to 500 mV/div	Available offset ± 0.40 V ± 0.86 V ± 1.85 V ± 4.00 V	Attenuation 0 dB 6.7 dB 13.3 dB 20 dB			
Offset accuracy <sup>1,2,3,6</sup>	± 2% of channel offset + 1%	of full scale				
Offset accuracy (typical)	± 1% of channel offset + 1%	of full scale				
Amplitude flatness <sup>4</sup>	Any frequency ≤ 50 GHz: < 0.3 dB within any 500 M < 0.5 dB within any 10 GH Frequencies between 50 GHz < 1 dB within any 10 GHz Frequencies between 90 GHz < 2 dB within any 10GHz s	z span z and 90 GHz span z and 110 GHz				
Phase flatness <sup>5</sup>	Any frequency ≤ 50 GHz: < 1 degree within any 500 < 2 degrees within any 10 Frequencies between 50 GHz < 3 degrees within any 10 Frequencies between 90 GHz < 7 degrees within any 10	GHz span 2 and 90 GHz GHz span 2 and 110 GHz				

 Full scale is defined as 8 vertical divisions. Magnification is used below 7.5 mV/div. Below 7.5 mV/div, full scale is defined as 60 mV. The major scale settings are 1 mV/div, 2 mV/div, 5 mV/div, 10 mV/div, 20 mV/div, 50 mV/div, 100 mV/div, 200 mV/div and 500 mV/div. Magnification major scales of 1mV/div, 2mV/div & 5mV/div are not warranted for Offset Accuracy & DC Gain Accuracy.

2. Input impedance is valid when V/div scaling is adjusted to show all waveform vertical values within scope display.

3. Vertical resolution for 10 bits = 0.1% of full scale, for 14 bits = 0.006% of full scale.

4. Measured result using N2125A as reference. Maximum deviation from average in a span.

5. Measured result using N2125A as reference. Maximum deviation from best fit line (degrees) in a span.

6. Denotes warranted specifications, all others are typical. Valid after 30-minute warm up period and ± 5 °C from oscilloscope firmware calibration temperature



## Vertical System – Performance Characteristics by Model - 3.5 mm Input Models

Characteristic	UXR0104A	UXR0134A	UXR0164A	UXR0204A	UXR0254A	UXR0334A
Analog input connector		Rugged	ized 3.5 mm mal	e - with AutoPro	be II jack	
Input impedance <sup>1</sup>			50 Ω,	± 3%		
Input coupling			D	C		
Full bandwidth analog input channels	4	4	4	4	4	4
Analog bandwidth (3 dB) Typical bandwidth	10.5 GHz	13.6 GHz	16.8 GHz	21.0 GHz	26.2 GHz	33.0 GHz
Warranted bandwidth <sup>5</sup>	10.0 GHz	13.0 GHz	16.0 GHz	20.0 GHz	25.0 GHz	32.0 GHz
Rise time/fall time 10 to 90% <sup>2</sup>	44.0 ps	33.8 ps	27.5 ps	22.0 ps	17.6 ps	13.3 ps
20 to 80% <sup>3</sup>	31.2 ps	23.9 ps	19.4 ps	15.6 ps	12.4 ps	9.4 ps
ENOB typical <sup>4</sup> at ≥ 400 mV <sub>fs</sub>	7.0	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.2	5.9
at 40 mV <sub>fs</sub>	6.4	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.3

## Vertical System – Performance Characteristics by Model - 1.85 mm Input Models

Characteristic	UXR0404A / UXR0402A	UXR0504A / UXR0502A	UXR0594A / UXR0592A	UXR0704A / UXR0702A
Analog input connector		1.85 mm male - wit	h AutoProbe III jack	
Input impedance <sup>1</sup>		50 Ω,	± 3%	
Input coupling		D	С	
Full bandwidth analog input channels	4 / 2	4 / 2	4 / 2	4 / 2
Analog bandwidth (3 dB) Typical bandwidth	42.0 GHz	52.5 GHz	59.0 GHz	70.0 GHz
Warranted bandwidth <sup>5</sup>	40.0 GHz	50.0 GHz	59.0 GHz	67.0 GHz
Rise time/fall time 10 to 90% <sup>2</sup>	11.0 ps	8.8 ps	7.5 ps	6.3 ps
20 to 80% <sup>3</sup>	7.8 ps	6.2 ps	5.3 ps	4.4 ps
ENOB typical <sup>4</sup> at ≥ 400 mV <sub>fs</sub>	5.8	5.6	5.5	5.4
at 60 mV <sub>fs</sub>	5.4	5.2	5.1	5.0

1. Input impedance is valid when V/div scaling is adjusted to show all waveform vertical values within scope display.

2. Calculation based on Tr = 0.44/BW.

3. Calculation based on Tr = 0.31/BW.

4. The average value from DC to full bandwidth of model.

5. Denotes warranted specifications, all others are typical. Specifications are valid after 30-minute warm up period and ± 5°C from oscilloscope firmware calibration temperature.



## Vertical System – Performance Characteristics by Model - 1 mm Input AP Models

Characteristic	UXR0051AP	UXR0254AP / UXR0252AP	UXR0404AP / UXR0402AP	UXR0594AP / UXR0592AP	UXR0704AP / UXR0702AP
Analog input connector		1 mm ruggedi	zed male - with Aut	oProbe III jack	
Input impedance <sup>1</sup>			50 Ω, ± 3%		
Input coupling			DC		
Full bandwidth analog input channels	1	4 / 2	4 / 2	4 / 2	4 / 2
Analog bandwidth (3 dB) Typical bandwidth	5.3 GHz	26.2 GHz	42.0 GHz	59.0 GHz	73.5 GHz
Warranted bandwidth <sup>5</sup>	5.0 GHz	25.0 GHz	40.0 GHz	59.0 GHz	67.0 GHz
Rise time/fall time 10 to 90% <sup>2</sup>	88 ps	17.6 ps	11.0 ps	7.5 ps	6.3 ps
20 to 80% <sup>3</sup>	62 ps	12.4 ps	7.8 ps	5.3 ps	4.4 ps
ENOB typical <sup>4</sup> at ≥ 400 mV <sub>fs</sub>	8.1	6.2	5.8	5.5	5.4
at 60 mV <sub>fs</sub>	7.8	5.6	5.4	5.1	5.0

## Vertical System – Performance Characteristics by Model - 1 mm Input Models

Characteristic	UXR0804A / UXR0802A	UXR1004A / UXR1002A	UXR1104A / UXR1102A				
Analog input connector	1 mm ı	uggedized male - with AutoProbe	e III jack				
Input impedance <sup>1</sup>		50 Ω, ± 3%					
Input coupling		DC					
Full bandwidth analog input channels	4 / 2	4 / 2	4 / 2				
Analog bandwidth (3 dB) Typical bandwidth	84.0 GHz	105.0 GHz	113.0 GHz				
Warranted bandwidth <sup>5</sup>	80.0 GHz	100.0 GHz	110.0 GHz				
Rise time/fall time 10 to 90% <sup>2</sup>	5.5 ps	4.4 ps	4.0 ps				
20 to 80% <sup>3</sup>	3.9 ps	3.1 ps	2.8 ps				
ENOB typical <sup>4</sup> at ≥ 400 mV <sub>fs</sub>	5.3	5.1	5.0				
at 60 mV <sub>fs</sub>	4.8	4.4	4.2				

1. Input impedance is valid when V/div scaling is adjusted to show all waveform vertical values within scope display

2. Calculation based on Tr = 0.44/BW

3. Calculation based on Tr = 0.31/BW

4. The average value from DC to full bandwidth of model

5. Denotes warranted specifications, all others are typical. Specifications are valid after 30-minute warm up period and ± 5°C from oscilloscope firmware calibration temperature



# **RMS Noise Floor – Performance Characteristics** (Measured)

RMS noise floor vertical setting, full scale	UXR0104A	UXR0134A	UXR0164A	UXR0204A	UXR0254A	UXR0334A
32 mV full scale (fs)	129 µV(rms)	150 µV(rms)	165 µV(rms)	188 µV(rms)	212 µV(rms)	266 µV(rms)
80 mVfull scale (fs)	185 µV(rms)	210 µV(rms)	231 µV(rms)	262 µV(rms)	303 µV(rms)	388 µV(rms)
100 mVfull scale (fs)	216 µV(rms)	258 µV(rms)	286 µV(rms)	313 µV(rms)	365 µV(rms)	470 µV(rms)
160 mVfull scale (fs)	322 µV(rms)	377 µV(rms)	414 µV(rms)	469 µV(rms)	541 µV(rms)	702 µV(rms)
400 mVfull scale (fs)	701 µV(rms)	810 µV(rms)	878 µV(rms)	975 µV(rms)	1.16 mV(rms)	1.48 mV(rms)
800 mVfull scale (fs)	1.44 mV(rms)	1.58 mV(rms)	1.75 mV(rms)	1.92 mV(rms)	2.24 mV(rms)	2.91 mV(rms)
1.6 Vfull scale (fs)	2.97 mV(rms)	3.50 mV(rms)	3.77 mV(rms)	4.31 mV(rms)	4.97 mV(rms)	6.48 mV(rms
4.0 Vfull scale (fs)	7.23 mV(rms)	7.86 mV(rms)	8.74 mV(rms)	9.61 mV(rms)	11.2 mV(rms)	14.7 mV(rms
8.0 Vfull scale (fs)	14.1 mV(rms)	15.5 mV(rms)	17.2 mV(rms)	19.2 mV(rms)	22.3 mV(rms)	28.8 mV(rms

RMS noise floor vertical setting, full scale	UXR0254AP / UXR0252AP	UXR0404A / UXR0402A UXR0404AP / UXR0402AP	UXR0504A / UXR0502A	UXR0594A / UXR0592A UXR0594AP / UXR0592AP
60 mVfull scale (fs)	290 µV(rms)	340 µV(rms)	410 µV(rms)	460 µV(rms)
100 mVfull scale (fs)	400 µV(rms)	490 µV(rms)	560 µV(rms)	640 µV(rms)
160 mVfull scale (fs)	570 µV(rms)	720 µV(rms)	820 µV(rms)	950 µV(rms)
400 mVfull scale (fs)	1.3 mV(ms)	1.6 mV(ms)	1.8 mV(ms)	2.1 mV(ms)
800 mVfull scale (fs)	2.6 mV(ms)	3.4 mV <sub>(ms)</sub>	3.7 mV(ms)	4.3 mV(ms)
1.6 Vfull scale (fs)	5.1 mV(ms)	6.7 mV <sub>(ms)</sub>	7.5 mV(ms)	8.4 mV(ms)
4.0 V full scale (fs)	13 mV(rms)	16 mV(rms)	18 mV(rms)	20 mV(rms)

RMS noise floor vertical setting, full scale	UXR0704A / UXR0702A UXR0704AP / UXR0702AP	UXR0804A / UXR0802A	UXR1004A / UXR1002A	UXR1104A / UXR1102A	UXR0051AP
60 mVfull scale (fs)	500 μV(rms)	580 µV(rms)	770 μV(rms)	860 µV(rms)	130 µV(rms)
100 mVfull scale (fs)	680 µV(rms)	780 µV(rms)	990 µV(rms)	1.1 mV(rms)	180 µV(rms))
160 mVfull scale (fs)	970 µV(rms)	1.1 mV(ms)	1.4 mV(ms)	1.5 mV(rms)	260 µV(rms)
400 mVfull scale (fs)	2.2 mV(ms)	2.4 mV(rms)	2.8 mV(ms)	2.9 mV(rms)	580 µV(rms)
800 mVfull scale (fs)	4.5 mV(ms)	4.8 mV(rms)	5.8 mV(ms)	6.1 mV(rms)	1.2 mV(ms)
1.6 Vfull scale (fs)	9.0 mV(ms)	9.7 mV(rms)	12 mV(rms)	13 mV(rms)	2.3 mV(ms)
4.0 Vfull scale (fs)	21 mV(rms)	23 mV(rms)	27 mV(rms)	29 mV(rms)	5.7 mV(rms)



### Vertical System – Performance Measurements – 1 mm & 1.85 mm Input Models

Measurement	Measured performance at 256 GSa/s							
	20 ns measurement by frequency span bandwidth @ center frequency (CF)							
	CF	113 GHz	10 GHz	5 GHz	2 GHz	1 GHz		
Banded ENOB	67 GHz	5.0	7.6	8.1	8.7	9.0		
	90 GHz	4.8	7.5	8.0	8.4	8.7		
	110 GHz	4.9	6.9	7.4	7.9	8.2		
	1 GHz wide spa	an measured at	Center Frequence	cy (CF), 1 Hz refe	rence:			
		80 mVFs	s (-18 dBm range)	)	1.26 VFS (6 dBm	n range)		
Displayed average noise level (DANL)	1 GHz 10 GHz 25 GHz 50 GHz 75 GHz 100 GHz	10 GHz         -161 dBm/Hz           25 GHz         -159 dBm/Hz           50 GHz         -158 dBm/Hz           75 GHz         -158 dBm/Hz			-138 dBm/Hz -138 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz -138 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz			
Dynamic range [2/3 * (TOI - DANL)]	6 dBm range, 200 mV/div @ 110 GHz BW 25 GHz CF, 100 MHz span, 1 Hz RBW 103 dB							
Signal to noise dynamic range	signal, 100 MH	FFT: 0 dBm rar z span, 1 KHz F center frequency	RBW, at +20	1 GHz CF: 67 GHz CF: 67 GHz CF: 67				
	1 GHz carrier, input signal 90% full scale							
	@0	ffset	Single channe	el phase noise	2 channel :	k-corelated		
	10 k	(Hz	-120 dBc/Hz		-121 dBc/Hz			
	20 H	(Hz	-124 dBc/Hz		-127 dBc/Hz			
Phase noise	100	KHz	-137 dBc/Hz		-147 dBc/Hz			
	1 M	lHz	-143 dBc/Hz		-151 dBc/Hz			
	10 N	/Hz	-143 c	lBc/Hz	-156 d	Bc/Hz		
	100	MHz	-142 c	lBc/Hz	-158 d	Bc/Hz		
	400	MHz	-141 dBc/Hz		-165 d	Bc/Hz		
Channel to channel phase / phase coherency	Inter-channel jitter @ 39GHz, 1GHz BW: ± 2.5 deg (0.5 deg rms)							
Two tone third-order intermodulation (TOI)	+22.9 dBm	range), -12 dBn @ 3.65 GHz an @ 26.5 GHz an	d 3.6501 GHz	Iz RBW, 400 KHz	z span:			



Measurement	М	easured performance at 256 GSa/	S	
	60 mVғs (7.5 mV/div), -26 dBm input signal (~50% FS), 100 KHz RBW			
	Fundamental	2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic	3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic	
	1 GHz	≤ -68 dBc	≤ -61 dBc	
	16.5 GHz	≤ -64 dBc	≤ -62 dBc	
	25 GHz ≤ -62 dBc		≤ -61 dBc	
2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic distortion	50 GHz ≤ -56 dBc			
	700 mVFS (87.5 mV/div), -1 dBn	n input signal (~90% FS), 100 K	Hz RBW	
	Fundamental	2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic	3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic	
	1 GHz	≤ -55 dBc	≤ -50 dBc	
	16.5 GHz	≤ -55 dBc	≤ -50 dBc	
	25 GHz	≤ -51 dBc	≤ -46 dBc	
	50 GHz	≤ -44 dBc		
Spurious-free dynamic range (SFDR) (excl. harmonics)	Measured via FFT: 5 GHz cente 100 kHz RBW, 0 dBm range, -1 ( (87.5 mV/div) with a 5 GHz input	≤ -65 dBc		
	Measured via FFT: 50 GHz cent 100 kHz RBW, 0 dBm range, -1 ( (87.5 mV/div) with a 50 GHz inpu	≤ -61 dBc		
Residuals, images, and spurious responses	Signal related (non-harmonic, multiple per 16 GHz interval): -52 dBc @ 0 dBm range Residual responses (major per 16 GHz interval): -65 dBrs @ 0 dBm range -65 dBm clock spur @ 64 GHz			
Error vector magnitude (EVM)	Two-channel bonded 802.11ay ( 5G NR, 1 CC (100 MHz), measu 5G NR, 1 CC (100 MHz), measu	red at 28 GHz:	1.23% 0.60% 0.90%	
S11	< 50 GHz, -15 dB ≥ 50 GHz, -	7 dB		
Conducted emissions	Clock emissions conducted out f	ront panel connector @ 64 GHz	: -65 dBm	



## Horizontal System – Performance Characteristics

Characteristic	Measured performance – Al	l oscilloscope input connector types		
Main timebase range		2 ps/div to 20 s/div real-time (13 GHz to 33 GHz models) 1 ps/div to 20 s/div real-time (40 GHz to 110 GHz models)		
Main timebase delay range	200 s to -200 s real-time			
Reference position	Continuously adjustable across horizontal d	isplay range		
Zoom timebase range	1 ps/div to current main timescale setting			
Channel de-skew range	± 1 ms range, 10 fs resolution			
Time scale accuracy*,1		± (25 ppb initial + 100 ppb/year aging) first year of manufacture ± (25 ppb initial + 30 ppb/year aging) after first year of manufacture		
Intrinsic jitter <sup>3</sup> , acquired time range/delta-time interval	Internal reference	External reference		
< 1 µs (100 ns/div)	15 fs rms	15 fs rms		
10 μs (1 μs/div)	25 fs rms	25 fs rms		
100 μs (10 μs/div)	40 fs rms	40 fs rms		
1 ms (100 µs/div)	50 fs rms	50 fs rms		
Inter-channel intrinsic jitter <sup>2,3</sup>	<	10 fs rms		
Inter-scope intrinsic jitter <sup>2,3</sup>	< 20 fs rms			
Inter-channel skew <sup>2</sup>	± 2 ps pk			
Inter-channel skew drift <sup>2,4</sup>	± 100 fs pk (256 GSa/s models) ± 150 fs pk (128 GSa/s models)			
Inter-scope skew drift <sup>2,4</sup>	± 200 fs pk (256 GSa/s models) ± 250 fs pk (128 GSa/s models)			
Measured time interval error (TIE)	400 mVFs, 70 GHz bandwidth, 90% input signal, 2.2 mVrms noise:37 fs rms@70 GHz			

\* Denotes warranted specification, all others are typical. Specs are valid after a 30-minute warm-up period and ± 5 °C from calibration temp.

1. initial = immediately after factory or user calibration.

 intra-chan = both edges measured on same channel, inter-chan = two edges measured on different channels within the same scope chassis, inter-scope = two edges measured between channels across different scope chassis synchronized to the same time reference

 Intrinsic Jitter is the time error of a single channel relative to an ideal time reference. External timebase reference values measured using a Wenzel 501-04608A 10 MHz reference. Intrinsic jitter value depends on acquisition time range for TIE formula and depends on delta-time between edges for all two-edge formulas.

4. Scope channels & signal interconnect de-skewed prior to measurement.

Skew between channels caused by  $\pm 5 \deg C$  temp change.



Characteristic	All oscilloscope input connector types
Jitter measurement floor <sup>1,2</sup> (sec rms) Time interval error (sec rms)	$\sqrt{\left(\frac{\text{Noise floor}}{\text{Slew rate}}\right)^2 + (\text{Intrinsic jitter})^2}$
Period jitter (sec rms)	$\sqrt{2} * \sqrt{\left(\frac{\text{Noise floor}}{\text{Slew rate}}\right)^2 + (\text{Intrinsic jitter})^2}$
Cycle-cycle / N-cycle jitter (sec rms)	$\sqrt{3} * \sqrt{\left(\frac{\text{Noise floor}}{\text{Slew rate}}\right)^2 + (\text{Intrinsic jitter})^2}$
Inter-channel jitter <sup>2,4</sup> (sec rms)	$\sqrt{\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{Time interval} \\ \text{error (Edge Chan1)} \right)^2 + \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{Time interval} \\ \text{error (Edge Chan2)} \end{array}\right)^2 + \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{Inter channel} \\ \text{intrinsic jitter} \end{array}\right)^2}$
Inter-scope jitter <sup>2,4</sup> (sec rms)	$\sqrt{\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{Time interval} \\ \text{error (Edge Scope1)} \end{array}\right)^2 + \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{Time interval} \\ \text{error (Edge Scope2)} \end{array}\right)^2 + \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{Inter scope} \\ \text{intrinsic jitter} \end{array}\right)^2}$
Delta-time measurement accuracy <sup>2,3,4,5</sup>	
Intra-channel no averaging	$\pm \left[ 5 * \sqrt{\begin{pmatrix} \text{Time interval} \\ \text{error (Edge1)} \end{pmatrix}^2 + \begin{pmatrix} \text{Time interval} \\ \text{error (Edge2)} \end{pmatrix}^2 + \left(\begin{pmatrix} \text{Time scale} \\ \text{accuracy} \end{pmatrix} * \begin{pmatrix} \text{Delta} \\ \text{time} \end{pmatrix} \right) \right]$
Intra-channel 256 averages	$\pm \left[\frac{5}{16} * \sqrt{\binom{\text{Time interval}}{\text{error (Edge1)}}^2 + \binom{\text{Time interval}}{\text{error (Edge2)}}^2 + \left(\binom{\text{Time scale}}{\text{accuracy}} * \binom{\text{Delta}}{\text{time}}\right)\right]$
Inter-channel no averaging	$\pm \begin{bmatrix} 5 * \sqrt{\begin{pmatrix} \text{Time interval} \\ \text{error (Edge1)} \end{pmatrix}^2 + \begin{pmatrix} \text{Time interval} \\ \text{error (Edge2)} \end{pmatrix}^2 + \begin{pmatrix} \text{Inter channel} \\ \text{intrinsic jitter} \end{pmatrix}^2} \\ + \left( \begin{pmatrix} \text{Time scale} \\ \text{accuracy} \end{pmatrix} * \begin{pmatrix} \text{Delta} \\ \text{time} \end{pmatrix} \right) + \begin{pmatrix} \text{Inter channel} \\ \text{skew drift} \end{pmatrix}$
	$\left[ + \left( \begin{pmatrix} \text{Time scale} \\ \text{accuracy} \end{pmatrix} * \begin{pmatrix} \text{Delta} \\ \text{time} \end{pmatrix} \right) + \begin{pmatrix} \text{Inter channel} \\ \text{skew drift} \end{pmatrix} \right]$
Inter-channel 256 averages	$\pm \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{16} * \sqrt{\binom{\text{Time interval}}{\text{error (Edge1)}}^2 + \binom{\text{Time interval}}{\text{error (Edge2)}}^2 + \binom{\text{Inter channel}}{\text{intrinsic jitter}}^2} \\ + \binom{\binom{\text{Time scale}}{\text{accuracy}} * \binom{\text{Delta}}{\text{time}} + \binom{\text{Inter channel}}{\text{skew drift}}} \end{bmatrix}$

 Specifications are typical and valid after a 30-minute warm-up period and ± 5 °C from calibration temperature.
 Scope channels and signal interconnect de-skewed prior to measurement.
 Sample rate set to maximum. Noise and slew rate determined at fixed-voltage measurement threshold, near middle of signal. 3. Sample faits set to indefinite. Noise and slew faits determined at inter-voltage measurement (measurement intershold, near induce of signal. Displayed signal is not vertically clipped. Slew rate of sine wave = (peak signal amplitude) · 2 · π · f, slew rate of fast step ~= 0.8 · amplitude / (risetime 10-90%).
4. intra-chan = both edges on the same channel, inter-chan = two edges on different channels of the same scope chassis, interscope = two edges on different scope chassis. TIE(Edge1) = time-interval error measurement floor of first edge, TIE(Edge2) = time interval error measurement floor of first edge, TIE(Edge2) = time.

time-interval error measurement floor of second edge. 5. Reading is the displayed DTMA measurement value. Do not double the listed TSA value in DTMA formula.



# DDC and Frequency Extension Option – Performance Characteristics

DDC and frequency extension characteristic	Performance
DDC center frequency resolution	Center frequency rounded to nearest 6.25 MHz interval
DDC frequency range	With frequency extension option:DC to 113 GHz (1 mm models)DC to 70 GHz (1.85 mm models)DC to 33 GHz (3.5 mm models)Without frequency extension option:DC to max scope bandwidth
DDC sampling rate	50 MSa/s to 3,200 MSa/s (configurable in powers of two)
Max DDC sampling rate	Standard:         50 MSa/s           Opt 601:         200 MSa/s           Opt 602:         3,200 MSa/s
Max DDC signal analysis bandwidth (±1 dB)	Standard:         40 MHz           Opt 601:         160 MHz           Opt 602:         2.00 GHz           2.16 GHz ±3 dB (typical)
DDC output	40 bits complex per sample (16 bits I/Q + flags and markers)
30 GHz BW frequency extension range (UXR0000-630)	Min CF: 21 GHz Max CF: 98 GHz (1 mm models) 55 GHz (1.85 mm models) 32 GHz (3.5 mm models)
20 GHz BW frequency extension range (UXR0000-620)	Min CF: 14 GHz Max CF: 103 GHz (1 mm models) 60 GHz (1.85 mm models) 23 GHz (3.5 mm models)
10 GHz BW frequency extension range (UXR0000-610)	Min CF: 7 GHz Max CF: 108 GHz (1 mm models) 65 GHz (1.85 mm models) 28 GHz (3.5 mm models)
5 GHz BW frequency extension range (UXR0000-605)	Min CF: 3.5 GHz Max CF: 110.5 GHz (1 mm models) 67.5 GHz (1.85 mm models) 30.5 GHz (3.5 mm models)
5 GHz BW frequency extension range up to 82GHz (UXR0000-682)	Min CF:         3.5 GHz           Max CF:         79.5 GHz (1 mm models)           67.5 GHz (1.85 mm models)         30.5 GHz (3.5 mm models)
Frequency extension channel support	Center frequency configurable per channel, up to 4 channels

DDC option/configuration	Bandwidth range	Capture time @ max sample rate			
		Std Mem 200 Mpts real 50 MSa complex	UXR0000-01G option 1 Gpt real 250 MSa complex	UXR0000-02G option 2 Gpts real 400 MSa complex	
No DDC	Up to 110 GHz	780 µs	3.9 ms	7.8 ms	
STD DDC 50 MSa/s complex	40 MHz	1 s	5 s	8 s	
UXR0000-601/N2163A-601 50 to 200 MSa/s complex	40 MHz to 160 MHz	250 ms	1.25 s	2 s	
UXR000-602/N2163A-602 50 to 3200 MSa/s complex	40 MHz to 2.16 GHz	15.6 ms	78 ms	125 ms	



## **Real Time Spectrum Analysis**

Real time spectrum analysis

Standard perform	mance	All Infiniium UXR-Series come with a standard 40 MHz RTSA and DDC analysis bandwidth, with a frequency range up to the oscilloscope bandwidth, and all channels can have independent center frequency. The specifications below apply to the paid options that unlock full RTSA performance.						
Frequency pang	e		scope bandwidth extension optic	on: D	DC to 113 GHz (1 m DC to 70 GHz (1.85 DC to 33 GHz (3.5 m	mm models)		
Analysis bandwi	dth	40, 80, 160, or	40, 80, 160, or 320 MHz. RTSA total Span is 320 MHz for simultaneously on all channels					
Per-channel con	itrol	All channels use the same span, but can each be at different center frequencies. No da visualization only			No data is stored;			
Performance da	ta	Typical passba	Typical passband magnitude flatness: +/25 dB from 160 MHz to max Frequency Range					
Minimum signal amplitude accur	duration with 100% acy	15 µs						
Minimum detectable signal duration		10 ns						
Available views		Spectral density (color graded)						
Supported trigge	Supported triggers		Frequency mask trigger: must intersect, must not intersect, up to 8 zones (AND logic)					
Window types		Rectangular, Hanning, Hamming, Blackman-Harris, Flattop						
Number of mark	ers	200						
Supported marker types		Frequency, amplitude						
	Span	FFT/s (RTSA)	·		POI (RTSA)			
	40 MHz	25,000			122 µs			
FFT rate,	80 MHz	50,000			62 µs			
100% POI	160 MHz	100,000		30 µs				
	320 MHz	200,000		15 μs				
			Window Typ	ре				
	Span	Sample Rate	Rectangle	Hamming	Hanning	Blackman	Flattop	
Resolution	40 MHz	50 MSa/s	12.2 KHz	16.7 KHz	18.3 KHz	24.5 KHz	46.6 KHz	
bandwidth	80 MHz	100 MSa/s	24.4 KHz	33.4 KHz	36.6 KHz	48.9 KHz	93.2KHz	
	160 MHz	200 MSa/s	48.8 KHz	66.8 KHz	73.2 KHz	97.8 KHz	186 KHz	
	320 MHz	400 MSa/s	97.6 KHz	133 KHz	146 KHz	195 KHz	373 KHz	



## Acquisition System – Performance Characteristics

Acquisition characteristic	3.5 mm models	1.85 mm and 1 mm models	
Maximum real-time sample rate	128 GSa/s	256 GSa/s	
Sampling resolution	7.8125 ps/Sample	3.90625 ps/Sample	
Memory depth per channel 200 Mpts 1 Gpt 2 Gpts	Standard UXR0000-01G UXR0000-02G	Standard UXR0000-01G UXR0000-02G	
Memory depth (with RT averaging) Standard Option 01G or 02G	200 Mpts 320 Mpts	200 Mpts 335.556 Mpts	
Acquisition time at max sampling rate 200 Mpts 1 Gpt 2 Gpts	1.56 ms 7.8 ms 15.6 ms	780 μs 3.9 ms 7.8 ms	
Sampling modes Real-time	Successive single shot acquisitions		
Real-time with averaging		from 2 to 1,048,575	
Real-time and segmented <sup>1</sup> with peak detect	128 GSa/s	256 GSa/s	
Real-time and segmented with high resolution Segmented memory	Real-time boxcar averaging reduces random noise and increases resolution Captures bursting signals at max sample rate without consuming memory durin periods of inactivity		
Max # of segments	, , ,	t of memory option	
High-bandwidth trigger enabled	25,680	20,825	
High-bandwidth trigger disabled	134,885	134,885	
Min time between triggers			
High-bandwidth trigger enabled		5.0 µs	
High-bandwidth trigger disabled	3.5 µs		
Max time between triggers	> 100,000 years		
Variable length segmented memory	Captures bursting signals with variable lengths in DDC mode without consuming memory during periods of inactivity		
Max # of segments	Dependent on memory depth, pulse with	dth and DDC sample rate	
Min time between triggers	Utilizes pre and post store buffering to enable gapless capture without deadtime (blind spots) between triggers		
Bandwidth filters	Brick wall, 4th order Bessel, Butterwort	h, bandpass	

1. Segmented with peak detect extends acquisition time range by compressing un-aliased full-sample rate waveform samples into voltage range values collected over and reported at larger time intervals



	> 285,700 waveforms per second (w When in DDC variable length segme		
	DDC sample rate	Maximum segments <sup>1</sup>	
Maximum update rate	400 MSa/s	> 985k	
	800 MSa/s	> 965k	
	1.6 GSa/s	> 750k	
	3.2 GSa/s	> 605k	
Filters Bandwidth limit	Brick wall, 4th order Bessel or Butter	worth, selectable bandwidth value	
Frequency response	Flat mag and linear phase, Gaussian mag and linear phase: slower filter roll off while maintaining linear phase		
Sin(x)/x interpolation	On/off selectable FIR digital filter with selectable 2-32x ratio: digital signal processing adds points between acquired data points to enhance measurement accuracy & waveform display		

## **Trigger System – Performance Characteristics**

Trigger sources	All channel inputs, 1 auxiliary trigger input
Sensitivity	1 div p-p
Edge trigger bandwidth	Equal to acquisition analog bandwidth
Edge trigger bandwidth (50 $\Omega$ AUX Input)	DC to 2 GHz @ 150 mV <sub>pp</sub> 4 GHz @ 175 mV <sub>pp</sub> 5 GHz @ $\geq$ 400 mV <sub>pp</sub>
Minimum pulse width trigger Hardware Software (InfiniiScan)	50 ps 40 ps
Level range Internal Auxiliary	$\pm$ 4 div from center screen or $\pm$ 4 V, whichever is smaller $\pm$ 5 V (into 50 $\Omega),$ 5 V $_{pp}$ maximum input signal swing
Sweep modes	Auto, triggered, single
Display jitter (trigger jitter)	3.5mm models: 116 fs (rms) <sup>2</sup> 1.85&1mm models: 71 fs (rms) <sup>3</sup>
Trigger holdoff range	Fixed 40 ns to 10 s, random 100 ns to 10 s
Trigger qualification AND qualifier)	Qualify a trigger setup by logically ANDing or ORing it with signal levels on analog channels
Trigger actions	Specify an action to occur (and the frequency of the action) when a trigger conditions occurs. Actions include email on trigger and execute "multipurpose" user setting.
Trigger sequences	Sequence triggers let you trigger on an event that follows another event. Three stage trigger sequences including two-stage hardware (find event (A) and trigger event (B)) and one-stage InfiniiScan software trigger. Supports all hardware trigger modes except "edge then edge" and "video" and "Gbit serial." Supports "delay (by time)" and "reset (by time or event)" between two hardware sequences.

Capturing 20ns pulse with 50ns pre and post store, with 02G memory option
 Value shown is typical Display jitter for UXR0334A at 100 mV/div triggering on 500 mVpp 16 GHz sin wave signal.
 Value shown is typical Display jitter for UXR1104A at 100 mV/div triggering on 500 mVpp 55 GHz sin wave signal.



Trigger modes – hardware	
Burst	Trigger on the Nth edge of a burst that occurs after an idle time from 1.5 ns to 20 s.
Edge	Triggers on a specified slope (rising, falling, or alternating between rising and falling) & voltage level on any channel or auxiliary trigger.
Edge transition	Trigger on rising or falling edges that cross two voltage levels in > or < the amount of time specified. Edge transition setting from 75 ps.
Edge then edge (time)	The trigger is qualified by an edge. After a specified time-delay between 1.5 ns to 20 s, a rising or falling edge on any one selected input will generate the trigger.
Edge then edge (event)	The trigger is qualified by an edge. After a specified delay between 1 to 65,000,000,000 rising or falling edges, another rising or falling edge on any one selected input will generate the trigger.
Glitch	Triggers on glitches narrower than the other pulses in your waveform by specifying a width less than your narrowest pulse and a polarity. Triggers on glitches as narrow as 50 ps. Glitch range settings: < 75 ps to < 10 s.
High-bandwidth	Edge trigger up to scopes maximum bandwidth (works with edge positive slope and edge negative slope only).
OR'd edges	Identifies a trigger condition by looking for selected edges on up to four channels.
Pattern/state	Identifies a trigger condition by looking for a specified pattern or a pattern and an edge (state) across the input channels.
Pulse width	Trigger on a pulse that is wider or narrower than other pulses in waveform by specifying a pulse width & a polarity. Triggers on pulse widths as narrow as 75 ps. Pulse width range settings 75 ps to 20 s. Trigger point can be configured for "end of pulse" or "time out".
Window	Specify a voltage range and then trigger when the waveform either exits this range, enters this range, stays outside the range for too long or too short, or stays inside the range for too long or too short. Range setting from 75 ps to 20 s.
Runt	Trigger on a pulse that crosses one threshold but fails to cross a second threshold before crossing the first again. Can be time qualified with minimum setting of 75 ps.
Timeout	Triggers the oscilloscope when the waveform has been at a higher voltage than the voltage specified by the Level control for too long (High Too Long), when the waveform has been at a lower voltage than the Level voltage for too long (Low Too Long), or when the waveform has taken too long to pass through the Level voltage (Unchanged Too Long). Timeout settings from 75 ps to 20 s.
Setup and hold	Trigger on violations of Setup time, Hold time, or both. Setup times from 75 ps to 20 s & hold times from 75 ps to 100 ns.
Protocol	Trigger on certain packets or patterns in protocol-based data.



Trigger modes – software	(Requires D9120SCNA InfiniiScan event identification software)
Zone qualify	Software triggers on the user-defined zones on screen. Zones can be specified as either "must intersect" or "must not intersect." Up to eight zones can be defined across multiple channels.
Generic serial	Software triggers on NRZ-encoded data up to 8.0 Gbps, up to 80-bit pattern. Support multiple clock data recovery methods including constant frequency, 1st-order PLL, 2nd-order PLL, explicit clock, explicit 1st-order PLL, explicit 2nd- order PLL, Fibre Channel, FlexRay receiver, FlexRay transmitter
Measurement limit	Software triggers on the results of the measurement values. For example, when the "pulse width" measurement is turned on, InfiniiScan measurement software trigger triggers on a glitch as narrow as 40 ps. When the "time interval error (TIE)" is measured, InfiniiScan can trigger on a specific TIE value.
Non-monotonic edge	Software triggers on the non-monotonic edge. The non-monotonic edge is specified by setting a hysteresis value.
Runt	Software triggers on a pulse that crosses one threshold but fails to cross a second threshold before crossing the first again. Unlike hardware runt trigger, InfiniiScan runt trigger can be further qualified via a hysteresis value.

### **Measurements and Math**

#### Oscilloscope measurements

Measurement update rate	> 50,000 measurement/sec (one measurement turned on)
•	> 250,000 measurement/sec/measurement (ten measurements turned on)
Measurement modes	Standard, measure all edges mode
Statistics	Displays the current, mean, minimum, maximum, range (max-min), standard deviation, number of measurements value for the displayed automatic measurements. Also shows Fail Min and Fail Max when measurement limit test is enabled
Level qualification	Any channels that are not involved in a measurement can be used to level-qualify all timing measurements
Waveform measurements	
Vertical	V peak-peak, V min, V max, V upper, V middle, V lower, V overshoot, V preshoot, V time, peak-peak contrast, average, RMS, amplitude, base, top, overshoot, preshoot, crossing, pulse top, pulse base, pulse amplitude, area, optical mode amp (OMA), level mean, level RMS, level skew, level thickness, outer OMA
Time	Delta time, rise time, fall time, positive width, negative width, burst width, burst period, burst interval, Tmin, Tmax, Tvolt, + pulse count, - pulse count
Clock	Period, frequency, duty cycle, phase, time interval error (TIE), cross-corelated TIE, N-period, period to period, positive width to positive width neg width to neg width, duty cycle to duty cycle
Data	Time interval error (TIE), hold time, unit interval, N Unit Interval, unit interval to unit interval, noise, data rate, pattern length, CDR clock recovery rate, deemphasis, BER (cumulative), BER (per acq)
Mixed	Area, slew rate
Frequency domain	FFT frequency, FFT magnitude, FFT delta frequency, FFT delta magnitude, FFT channel power, FFT power spectral density, FFT occupied bandwidth, peak detect mode, phase jitter <sup>1</sup>
Eye-diagram	Eye height, eye width, eye one level, eye zero level, eye jitter, eye skew, eye level, crossing percentage, Q factor, duty-cycle distortion, extension ratio (ER), outer ER, vertical eye closure (VEC)
Optical	Optical average power, optical mode amp (OMA), eye one level, eye zero level, extension ratio, outer OMA, outer ER
Jitter analysis measurements –	Requires D9120JITA EZJIT complete analysis application
Clock	Time interval error, N-period, period to period, positive width to positive width, neg width to neg width, duty cycle to duty cycle
Data	Time interval error, noise, unit interval, N Unit Interval, unit interval to unit interval, data rate, clock recovery rate, CDR, de-emphasis
Phase noise	Phase jitter
PAMn measurements – Requires	s D9120PAMA PAM4 analysis application
PAMn measurements	Level mean, level RMS, level skew, level thickness, eye height, eye width, eye skew, eye level, VEC, BER (Cumulative), BER (Per Acq), SER (Cumulative), SER (Per Acq), dock recovery rate, pattern length, rise time, fall time, and time interval error (TIE), composite histograms
Edge jitter measurements	PAM-4 12 Edge Jitter, J3U, J4U J5U, Jrms, J6U, and EOJ (PRBS9, PRBS13Q, PRBS31Q, PCIe Gen6 (52 symbols) and user defined pattern support up to PRBS23)
PAM formats	PAM-3, PAM-4, PAM-6, PAM-8, grey coded, uncoded



#### Oscilloscope measurements (continued)

Histograms		
Source	Waveform or measurement	
Orientation	Vertical (for timing and jitter measurements) or horizontal (noise and amplitude change) modes, regions are defined using waveform markers	
Measurements (available as a function)	Mean, standard deviation, mean $\pm$ 1, 2, and 3 sigma, median, mode, peak-to-peak, min, max, total hits, peak (area of most hits), X scale hits, X offset hits, full width at half maximum (FWHM), bin width	
Mask testing	Allows pass/fail testing to user-defined or Keysight-supplied waveform templates. Automask lets you create a mask template from a captured waveform and define a tolerance range in time/voltage or screen divisions. Test modes (run until) include test forever, test to specified time or event limit, and stop on failure. Executes "multipurpose" user setting on failure	
Waveform math		
Number of functions	16	
Hardware accelerated math operations	Differential and common mode	
Math functions	Absolute value, add, amplitude demodulation (radar envelope), average, bus chart, Butterworth <sup>1</sup> , common mode, delay, differentiate, divide, envelope, FFT magnitude, FFT phase, FIR <sup>1</sup> , gating, high pass filter, histogram, InfiniiSim <sup>2</sup> (2 port, 4 port 1 src, 4 port CM, 4 port diff, 4 port src1, 4 port src2), horizontal gating, integrate, invert, LFE <sup>1</sup> , low pass filter (4th-order Bessel Thompson filter), magnify / duplicate, max, measurement trend, measurement log, min, multiply, pattern average, power, power efficiency, RT Eye <sup>1</sup> , smoothing, SqrtSumOfSquare <sup>1</sup> , square, square root, subtract, versus (XY), versus (XYZ qualified) and optional user defined function <sup>1</sup> Requires DMICAIA software option	
Fault Hunter		
Auto Setup	30 second statistical measurement analysis of incoming signal	
Result information	Test failure automatically saved in memory. Fault condition can be copied to trigger for further testing.	
Test results	Automatic identification of common digital signal errors: Positive glitch, negative glitch, slow rising edge, slow falling edge, positive runt, negative runt	
FFT		
Frequency range	DC to scope's maximum bandwidth	
Frequency resolution	Sample rate/memory depth = resolution	
Window modes	Hanning, flattop, rectangular, Blackman-Harris, Hamming	
Measurement modes		
Automatic measurements	Measure menu access to all measurements, up to 20 measurements can be displayed simultaneously	
Multipurpose	Front-panel button activates up to ten pre-selected or up to ten user-defined automatic measurements	
Drag-and-drop measurement toolbar	Measurement toolbar with common measurement icons that can be dragged and dropped onto the displayed waveforms	
Marker modes	Manual markers, track waveform data, track measurements, track RF (on FFT math function waveforms)	
Bookmarks and callouts	Supports callouts for measurements and FFT peaks. Supports bookmarks for team collaboration	



## **Platform Characteristics**

Operating system	Windows 10 64-bit		
CPU	Intel i5-3550S quad-core CPU at 3.00 GHz		
PC system memory	16 GB DDR3 RAM		
PC ports	USB 2.0 hi-speed (host), USB 2.0 hi-speed (device), VGA, DisplayPort, USB 3.0 (host), USB 3.0 (device) dual-monitor video output, 10/100/1000 LAN, LXI LAN		
Drives (SSD)	960GB Enterprise grade internal SSD removable hard drive		
Peripherals	Optical USB mouse, compact USB keyboard supplied. All UXR models support any Windows-compatible input device with a USB interface		
File types			
Waveforms	Compressed internal format (*.wfm (200 Mpts)), comma-separated values (*.csv (2 Gpts)), tab-separated values (*.tsv (2 Gpts)), public binary format (.bin (500 Mpts)), Y value files (*.txt (2 Gpts)), hierarchal data file (*.hf5 (2 Gpts))		
Images	BMP, PNG, TIFF, GIF, JPG or osc file format		
Included accessories			
All models	Country-specific power cord, front cover, open ended torque wrench (5/16 inch 8-in-lb), mini USB keyboard, USB optical mouse, and an ESD mat with wrist and heel straps		
3.5 mm input models	Qty (5) 3.5 mm Female-to-Female connector savers and (10) connector saver collars Note: 10 GHz and 13 GHz models additionally include Qty (2) Precision BNC 50 $\Omega$ adaptors (N5442A)		
1.85 mm input models	One per channel (1.85 mm Female-to-Female connector savers), one 2.92 mm to 2.40 mm Female-to- Female coaxial adapter and one 3.5 mm Female-to-Female connector saver		
1 mm input models	One per channel (1 mm Female Ruggedized to 1 mm Female, and 1 mm Female Ruggedized to 1.85 mm Female connector savers), Qty (1) 1 mm Female Ruggedized to 2.92 mm Female connector saver, Qty (1) 3.5 mm Female-to-Female connector saver, and 1mm input specific open-ended torque wrenches (6 mm 4-in-lb, and 14 mm dual-ended: 4-in-lb & 10-in-lb)		
I/O ports			
Aux in	5 $V_{pp}$ max signal between -5 V and +5 V, 50 $\Omega$ impedance		
Aux out	0 V to 5 V, 50 Ω impedance		
Cal out	-2.4 V to +2.4 V, 50 Ω impedance		
Probe compensation terminal	0 V to 5 V, 50 Ω impedance		
Reference clock input	400 MHz, 0.25 V $_{\text{PP}}$ to 0.50 V $_{\text{PP}}$ , 50 $\Omega$ impedance		
Reference clock output	400 MHz, 0.25 V <sub>pp</sub> to 0.50 V <sub>pp</sub> , 50 $\Omega$ impedance		
Sample clock input	8 GHz, -5 dBm to +15 dBm, 50 $\Omega$ impedance		
Sample clock output	8 GHz, +10 dBm to +15 dBm, 50 $\Omega$ impedance		
Timebase reference input	Input frequency lock range: 10 MHz $\pm$ 20 ppm, 50 $\Omega$ impedance Amplitude, sine wave input: 630 mV <sub>pp</sub> (0 dBm) min to 3.54 V <sub>pp</sub> (+15 dBm) max, 50 $\Omega$ impedance Amplitude, square wave input: 500 mV <sub>pp</sub> min to 3.54 V <sub>pp</sub> max, 50 $\Omega$ impedance		
Timebase reference output	<ul> <li>Amplitude into 50 Ω (internal or external timebase reference selected):</li> <li>1.1 to 2.0 V<sub>pp</sub> (+ 5 to + 10 dBm) sine wave</li> <li>Frequency (internal timebase reference selected):</li> <li>± (25 ppb initial + 100 ppb/year aging) first year of manufacture</li> <li>± (25 ppb initial + 30 ppb/year aging) after first year of manufacture</li> <li>Frequency, external timebase reference selected: external reference frequency</li> </ul>		
Trig out	0 V to 5 V, 50 Ω impedance		

#### Computer system, peripherals and accessories



Display		
Display	15.4-inch color XGA TFT-LCD with capacitive touch screen	
Intensity grayscale	256-level intensity-graded display	
Resolution XGA	1024 pixels horizontally x 768 pixels vertically	
Annotation	Up to 100 bookmarks can be inserted into the waveform window. Each can float or be tied to a specific waveform	
Grids	Choose between 1-16 grids per waveform area, 10-bit vertical resolution	
Waveform areas	Supports eight waveform areas plus chart mode for EZJIT, InfiniiSim, protocol, and PrecisionProbe	
Waveform styles	Connected dots, dots, infinite persistence, color graded infinite persistence. Includes up to 256 levels of intensity-graded waveforms, variable persistence	



## **General Characteristics**

#### General characteristics

Temperature	Operating: 5 to +40 °C up to 2,000 meters, de-rated between 2,000 and 3,000 meters by 1 °C for every 100 meters				
•	Non-operating: -20 to +70 °C				
Humidity	Operating: Up to 95% relative humidity (non-condensing) at +40 °C				
A 101	Non-operating: Up to 90% relative humidity at +65 °C Operating: Up to 3,000 meters (9,842 feet); de-rate maximum temperature by 1 °C for every 100 meters above 2,000				
Altitude	meters				
Vibration	Non-operating: Up to 4,600 meters (15,090 feet)				
	Operating random: 0.21 g (rms)				
	Non-operating random: 2.0 g (rms)				
	Swept sines: 0.50 g (rms)				
Power	UXR0334A, UXR0254A, UXR0204A, UXR0164A, UXR0134A, UXR0104A	100 to 240 VAC at 50/60 Hz Maximum input power 1350 VA			
	UXR1102A, UXR1002A, UXR0802A, UXR0702A/AP, UXR0592A/AP, UXR0502A,	110 to 240 VAC at 50/60 Hz			
	UXR0402A/AP, UXR0252AP, UXR0051AP	Maximum input power 1370 VA			
	Well-regulated power is required for 110-120 V operation: Connect only to a 20-amp outlet or a dedicated 15-amp outlet.				
	UXR1104A, UXR1004A, UXR0804A, UXR0704A/AP, UXR0594A/AP, UXR0504A,	200 to 240 VAC at 50/60 Hz			
	UXR0404A/AP, UXR0254AP	Maximum input power 2615 VA			
	Connect only to outlets rated for 15 amps or higher.				
Weight	UXR0334A, UXR0254A, UXR0204A, UXR0164A, UXR0134A, UXR0104A	37.56 kg (82.8 lbs.)			
	UXR1102A, UXR1002A, UXR0802A, UXR0702A/AP, UXR0592A/AP, UXR0502A, UXR0402A/AP, UXR0252AP, UXR0051AP	36.15 kg (79.7 lbs.)			
	UXR1104A, UXR1004A, UXR0804A, UXR0704A/AP, UXR0594A/AP, UXR0504A, UXR0404A/AP, UXR0254AP	42.05 kg (92.7 lbs.)			
Dimensions	Width: 435 mm with handles removed (17.126") 530 mm with handles (20.866")				
	Depth: 513 mm main body (20.197") 560 mm including knobs and rear feet (22.047")				
	Height: 311 mm (7U) with feet removed (12.244") Installations with the optional N2156A rackmount kit will take up 8U to allow for airflow and cabling 333 mm with feet (13.11")				
	Inputs: Connectors are 75 mm apart horizontally on the 4-channel frame and 150 mm apart on the 2-channel frame. Centers are: 49 mm above the surface when resting flat (no tilt levers) and 90 mm above the surface when using the front tilt levers.				
	Clearances: Fans draw cool air in from the sides and bottom and blows it out the back of the oscilloscope. Allow at least 8 inches (203 mm) of clearance from the rear. Side handles provide sufficient airflow clearance side to side.				
Safety	CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-12 ANSI/UL Std. No. 61010-1:2012				



## Definitions

#### Measured (meas)

An attribute measured during development for purposes of communicating the expected performance. This data is not warranted, does not include measurement uncertainty, and is measured at room temperature (approximately 23°C).

#### Nominal (nom)

The mean or average characteristic performance, or the value of an attribute that is determined by design such as a connector type, physical dimension, or operating speed. This data is not warranted and is measured at room temperature (approximately 23°C).

#### **Specification (spec)**

The warranted performance of a calibrated instrument that has been stored for a minimum of 2 hours within the operating temperature range of  $5 - 40^{\circ}$ C and after a 30-minute warm up period.

#### Typical (typ)

The characteristic performance, which 80% or more of manufactured instruments will meet. This data is not warranted, does not include measurement uncertainty, and is valid only at room temperature (approximately 23°C).

#### **Operating frequency range**

The operating frequency range is the frequency range of corrected signal spectral components by deembeding for frequency and phase characteristics of the individual hardware.

#### Analog bandwidth

The analog bandwidth describes the 3 dB bandwidth of the full opto-electronic input path without any frequency or phase corrections.

#### Sensitivity

The sensitivity limit corresponds to the received signal power at the input interface for which a 32 GBaud DP-QPSK exhibits an EVM of 32.5% or less. An EVM of 32.5% corresponds to a BER of 1E-3 for assumed added Gaussian white noise (AWGN) according to =0.5\*ERFC(1/(SQRT (2)\* (EVM<sup>2</sup>+1))).

#### Effective Number of Bits (ENOB)

Definition in accordance with IEEE 1057: "For an input sinewave of specified frequency and amplitude, ENOB is the number of bits of an ideal waveform recorder for which the rms quantization error is equal to the rms NAD of the waveform recorder under test." ENOB is determined by equation.



## **More Information**

Thank you for choosing a Keysight UXR-Series Oscilloscope. Keysight Infinitium UXR-Series oscilloscopes set a new standard for real-time oscilloscope accuracy, performance and upgradability, with models ranging from 5 GHz to 110 GHz. Proven industry best signal integrity, 10-bits of vertical resolution and ultra-low noise floor specifications allow for the truest representation of signals. Invest with confidence today, knowing you have the ability to meet the needs and technology advancements of tomorrow. For more information on the Keysight Infinitium UXR-Series, check out the following:

- UXR Technical Overview
- UXR Configuration Guide

For more information on Keysight Technologies' products, applications, or services, please visit: <a href="https://www.keysight.com">www.keysight.com</a>



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